## In the Claims

## 1-21 (canceled).

- 22 (currently amended): A method of controlling weeds, plant pests; or plant pathogens comprising the application of a bioactive herbage (plant material) composition to: 1) soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment; or 2) as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control weeds, plant pests, or plant pathogens, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from: a) Monarda spp.; b) Chamaemelum spp.; c) Matricaria spp.; d) Chenopodium spp; or e) various combinations of a), b), c), and d).
- 23 (previously presented): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Monarda spp. and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 24 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Chamaemelum spp. and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 25 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Matricaria spp. and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 26 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from *Chenopodium* spp. and is incorporated into soil. greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 27 (previously presented): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises a mixture of bioactive herbage obtained from: a) Monarda spp.; b) Chamaemelum spp. and/or Matricaria spp.; and, optionally, d) Chenopodium spp. or epazote and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.

- 28 (previously presented): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage composition contains dried bioactive herbage.
- 29 (previously presented): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises additional bioactive herbage (plant material) and wherein said additional bioactive herbage is, optionally, dried.

30-42 (canceled):

- 43 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Monarda spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control weeds, plant pests, or plant pathogens.
- 44 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Chamaemelum spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control weeds, plant pests, or plant pathogens.
- 45 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from *Matricaria* spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control weeds, plant pests, or plant pathogens.
- 46 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from *Chenopodium* spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control weeds, plant pests, or plant pathogens.
- 47 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises a mixture of bioactive herbage obtained from Monarda spp., Chamaemelum spp. and/or Matricaria spp. and, optionally, Chenopodium spp. or epazote and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control weeds, plant pests, or plant pathogens.
- 48 (previously presented): A method of controlling fungal pathogens comprising the application of a bioactive herbage (plant material) composition to soil, greenhouse growing media, or

nursery growing media as an amendment or as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control a fungal pathogen selected from Fusarium, Pythium, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia or Verticillium species, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from: a) *Monarda* spp.; b) *Chamaemelum* spp.; c) *Matricaria* spp.; d) *Chenopodium* spp; or e) various combinations of a), b), c), and d).

- 49 (previously presented): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Monarda spp. and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 50 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Chamaemelum spp. and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 51 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Matricaria spp. and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 52 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from *Chenopodium* spp. and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 53 (previously presented): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises a mixture of bioactive herbage obtained from *Monarda* spp.. Chamaemelum spp. and/or *Matricaria* spp. and, optionally, Chenopodium spp. or epazote and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.
- 54 (previously presented): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage composition contains dried bioactive herbage.
- 55 (previously presented): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises additional bioactive herbage (plant material) and wherein said additional bioactive herbage is, optionally, dried.

- 56 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Monarda spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control said fungal pathogen.
- 57 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Chamaemelum spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control said fungal pathogen.
- 58 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from Matricaria spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control said fungal pathogen.
- 59 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from *Chenopodium* spp. and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control said fungal pathogen.
- 60 (withdrawn): The method according to claim 48, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises a mixture of bioactive herbage obtained from Monarda spp., Chamaemelum spp. and/or Matricaria spp. and, optionally, Chenopodium spp. or epazote and is applied as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control said fungal pathogen.
- 61 (new): The method according to claim 22, wherein said bioactive herbage has a particle size of about 1mm to 5 mm.
- 62 (new): A method of controlling plant pests comprising the application of a bioactive herbage (plant material) composition to: 1) soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment; or 2) as top dressing for potted plants in amounts sufficient to control weeds, plant pests, or plant pathogens, wherein said bioactive herbage is obtained from: a) Monarda spp.; b) Chamaemelum spp.; c) Matricaria spp.; d) Chenopodium spp; or e) various combinations of a), b), c), and d).

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63 (new): The method according to claim 62, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises a mixture of bioactive herbage obtained from: a) Monarda spp.; b) Chamaemelum spp. and/or Matricaria spp.; and, optionally, d) Chenopodium spp. or epazote and is incorporated into soil, greenhouse growing media, or nursery growing media as an amendment.

64 (new): The method according to claim 62, wherein said bioactive herbage composition contains dried bioactive herbage.

65 (new): The method according to claim 62, wherein said bioactive herbage composition comprises additional bioactive herbage (plant material) and wherein said additional bioactive herbage is, optionally, dried.

66 (new): The method according to claim 62, wherein said bioactive herbage has a particle size of about 1mm to 5 mm.